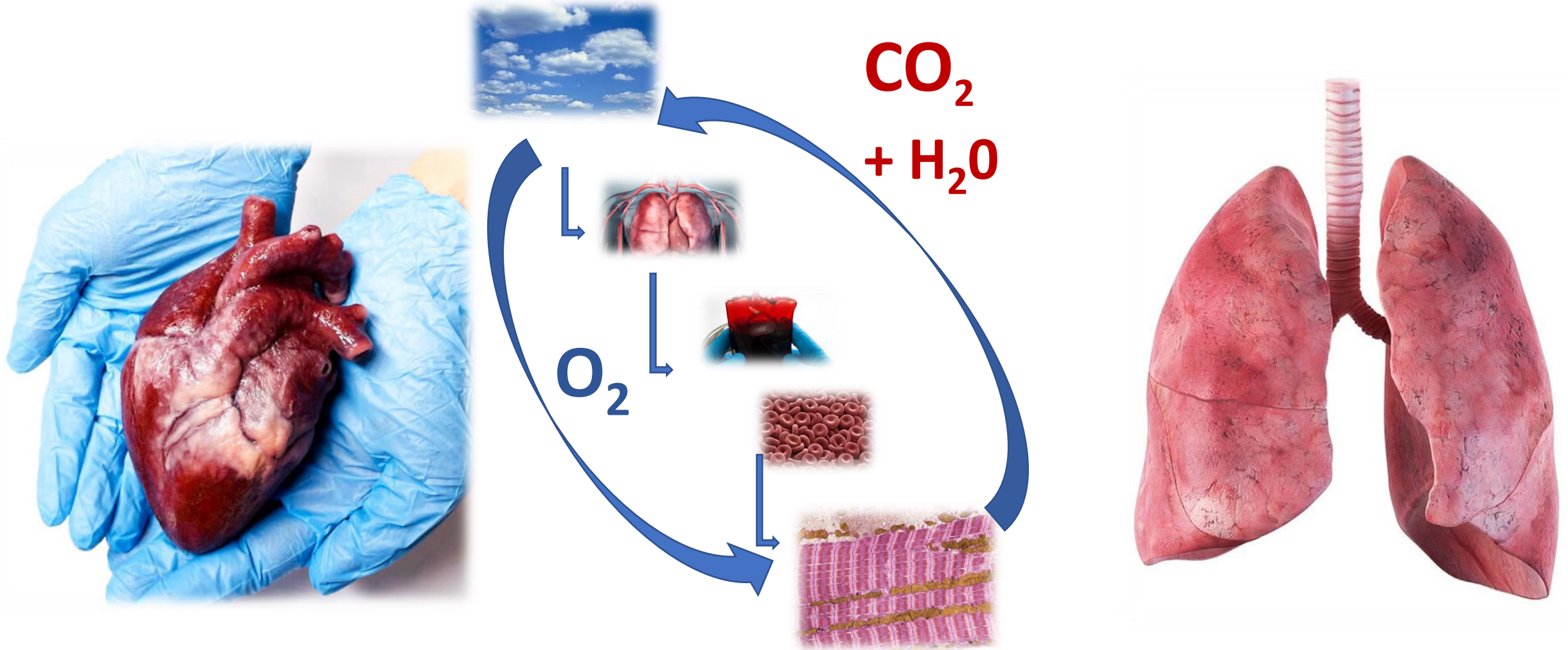


Ventilation measurement
during training: Can
breathing + heart rate tell
us more?



Stephen Seiler PhD
University of Agder
Kristiansand
Norway

Oxygen Delivery + Carbon Dioxide Removal = Vital Functions

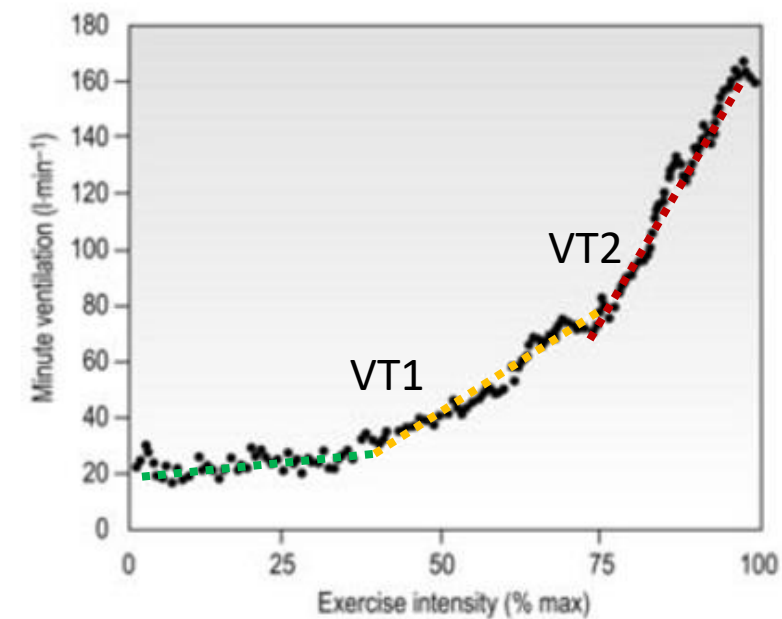
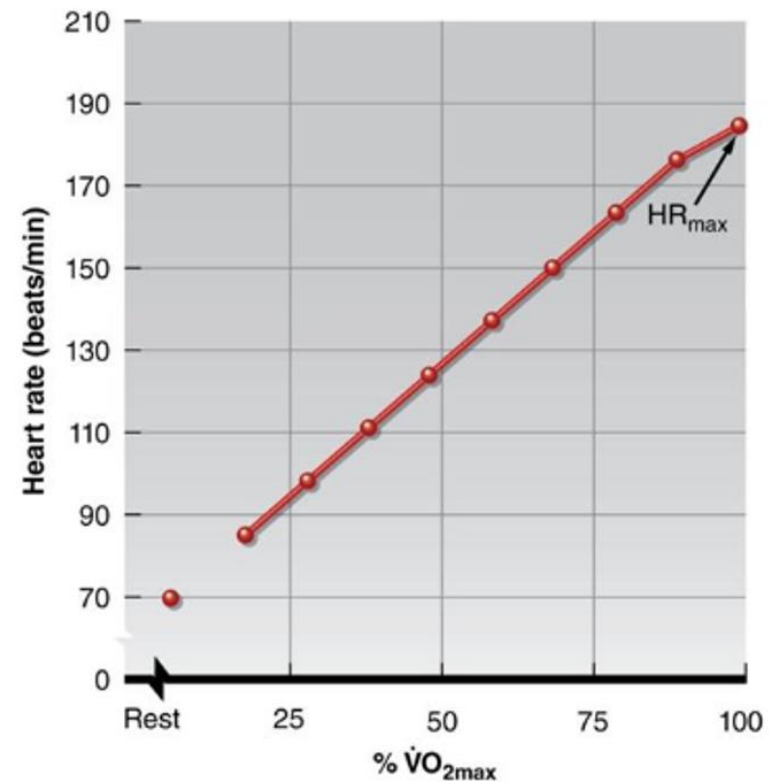


$$H_{\text{eart}} R_{\text{ate}} \times S_{\text{troke}} V_{\text{olume}} = \dot{Q}$$

Cardiac Output

$$B_{\text{reathing}} F_{\text{requency}} \times T_{\text{idal}} V_{\text{olume}} = VE$$

Ventilation Volume

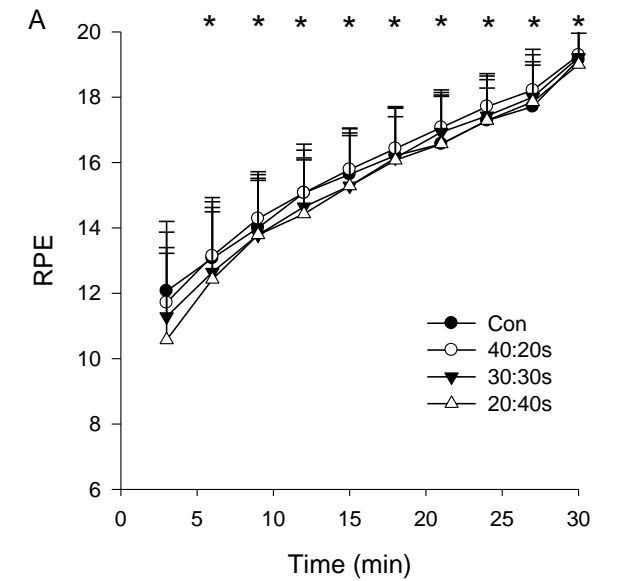
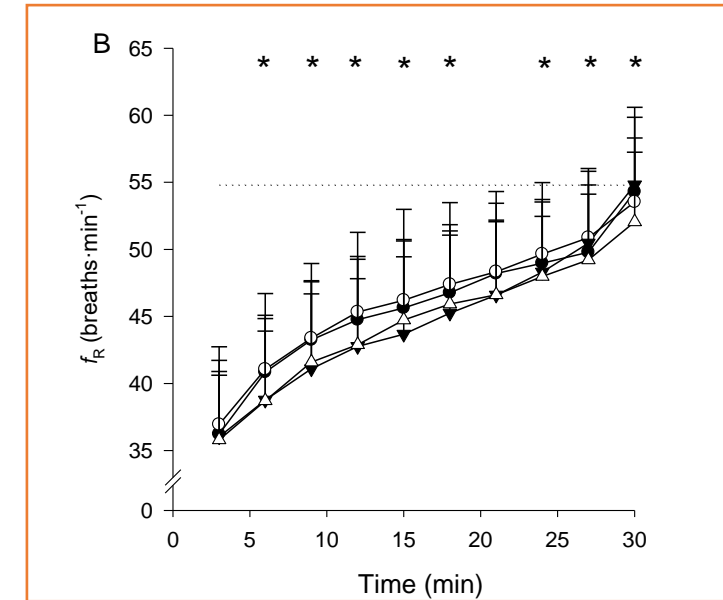
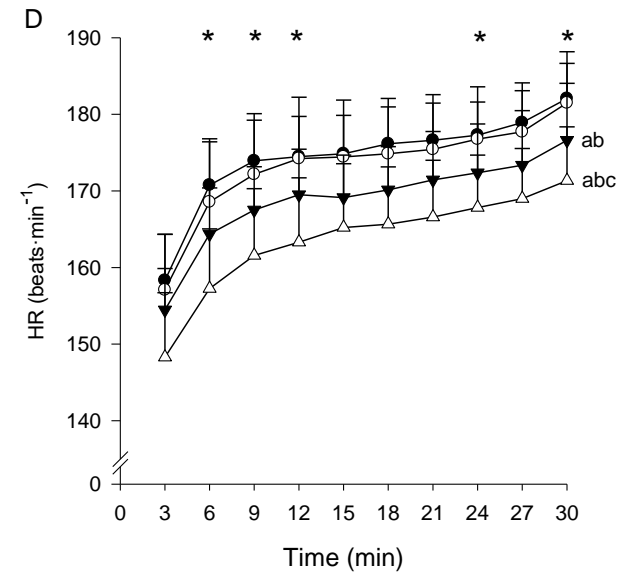
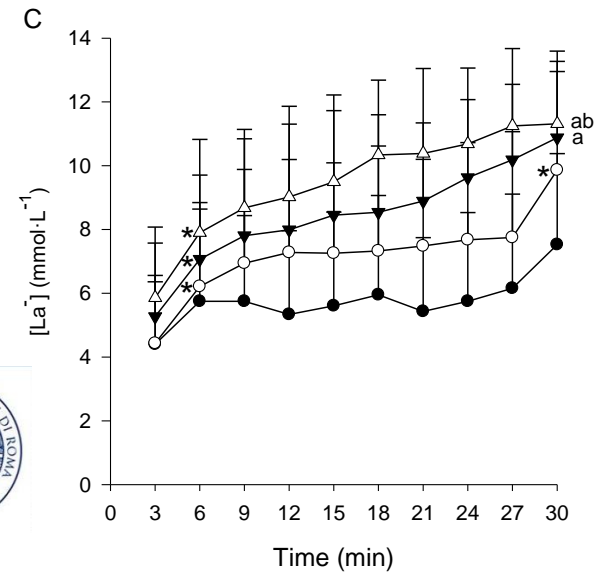
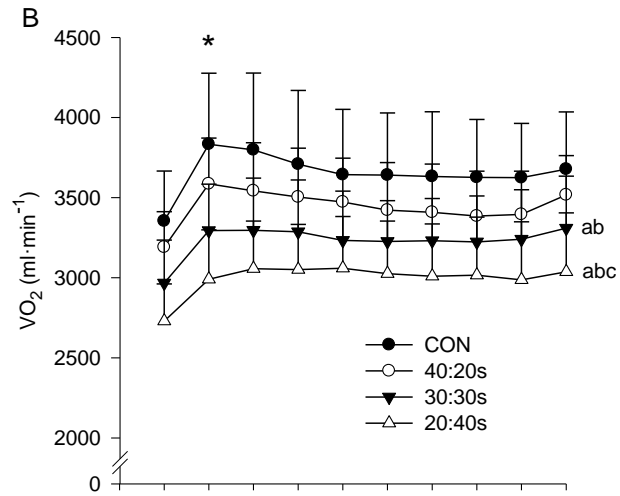
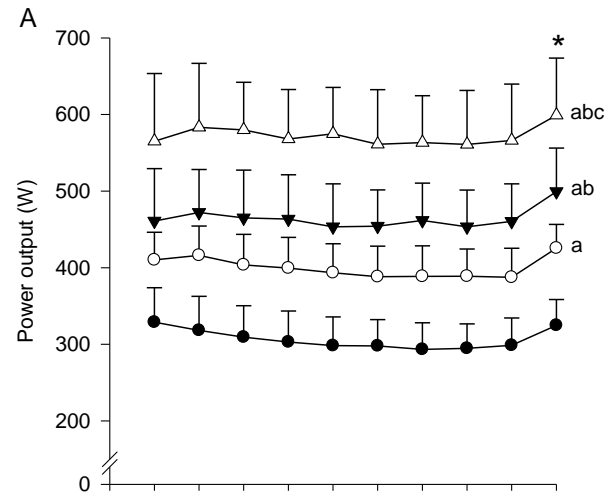


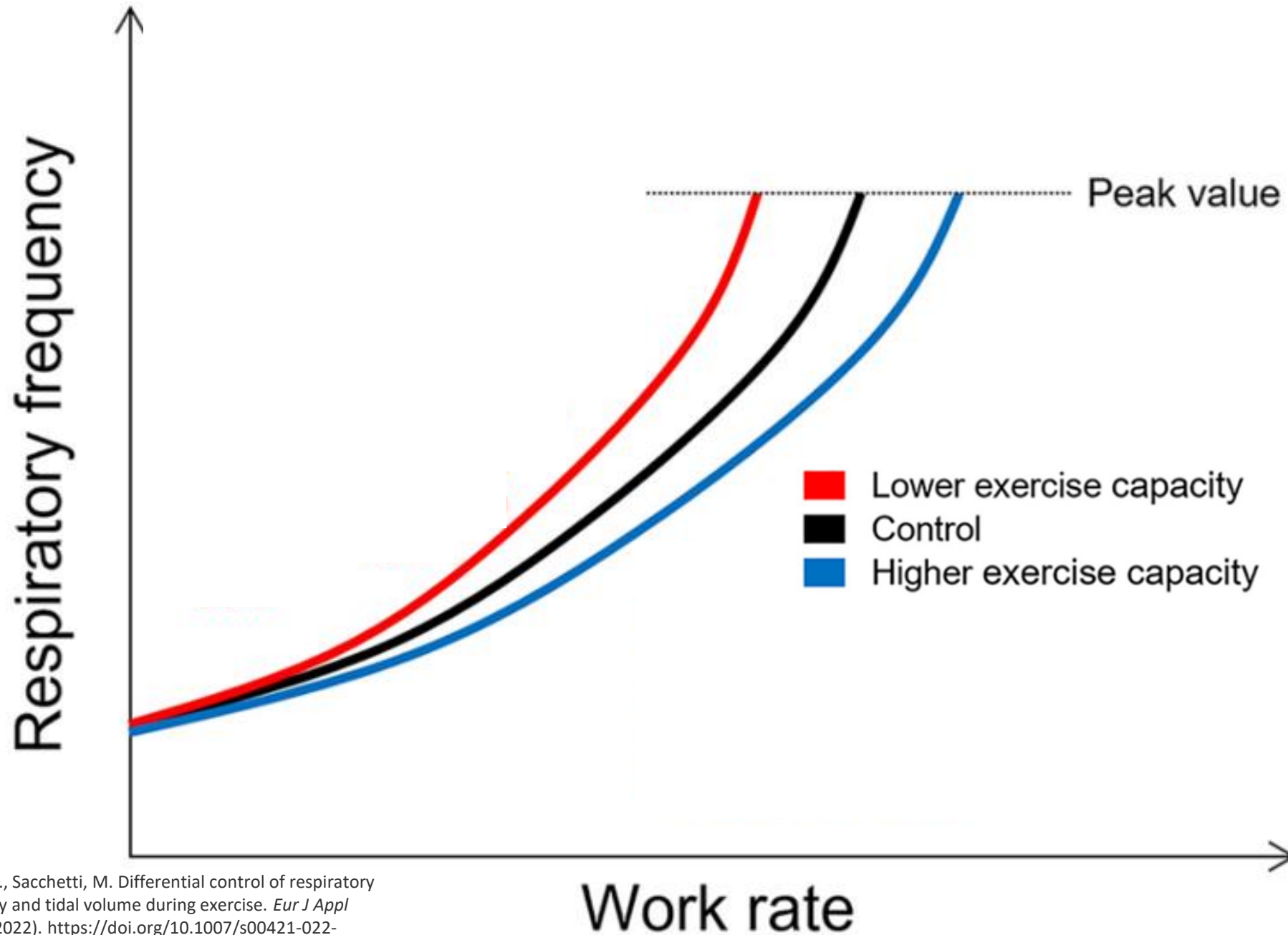
a = significantly different from CON; b = from 40:20s; c = from 30:30s

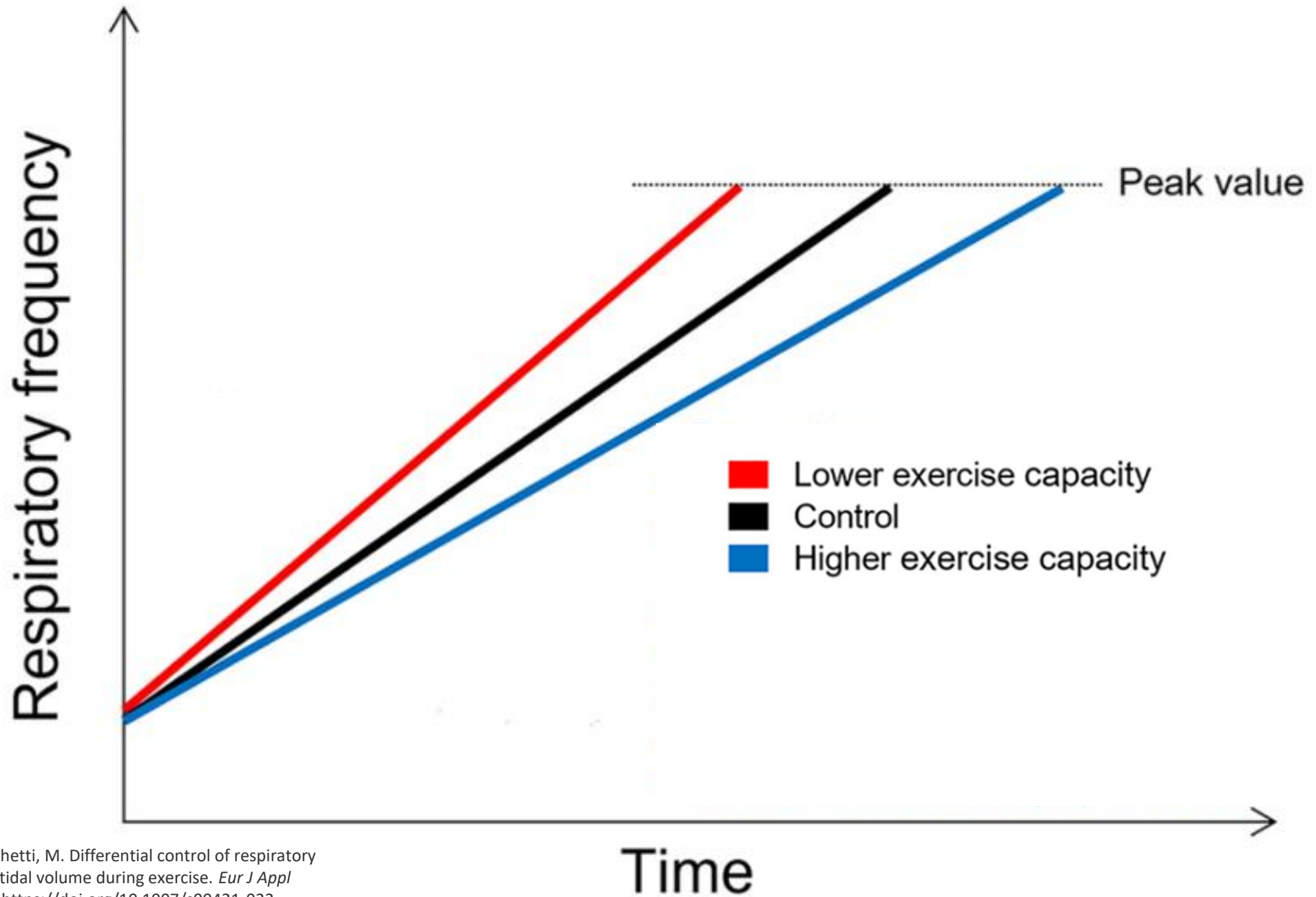
* = significantly different from the previous data point

Comparing Continuous and Intermittent Exercise: An "Isoeffort" and "Isotime" Approach

Andrea Nicolò, Ilenia Bazzucchi, Jonida Haxhi, Francesco Felici, Massimo Sacchetti*
Department of Human Movement, Social and Health Sciences, "Foro Italico" University, Rome, Italy

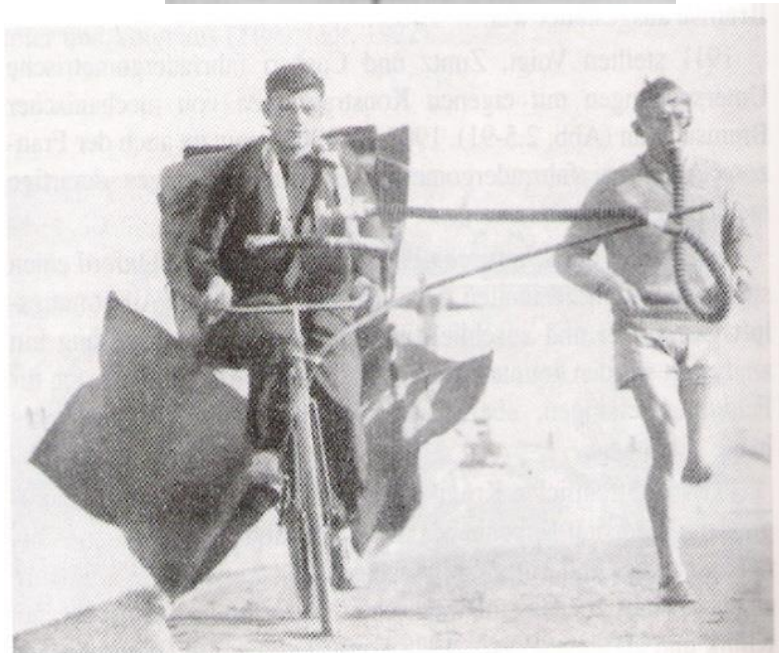




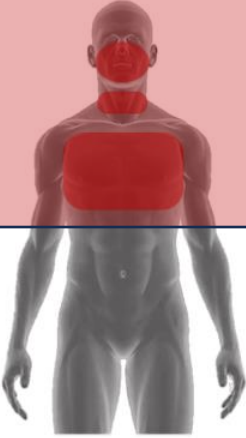



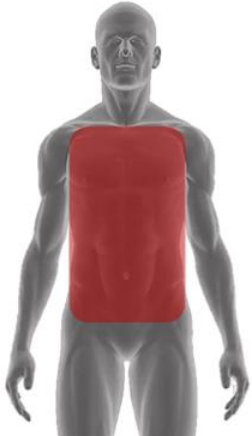
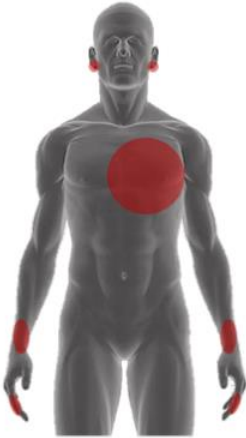
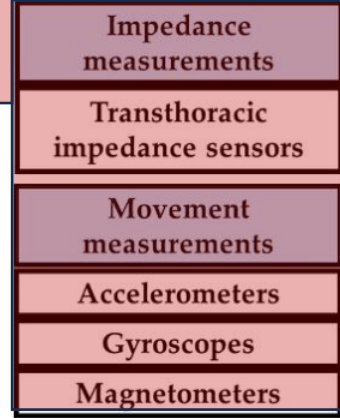
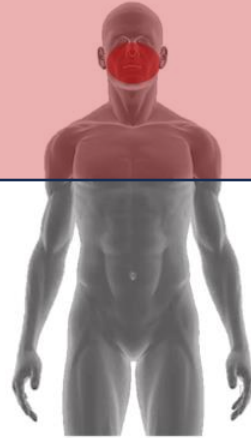
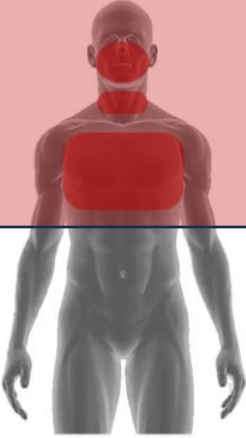
CAN we
measure ventilation
“on the road”
in a valid but also
“useful” way?





Contact-based Techniques

Respiratory airflow	Respiratory sounds	Air Temperature	Air Humidity	Air components	Chest wall movements	Modulation cardiac activity
Flow measurements	Acoustic measurements	Temperature measurements	Relative humidity measurements	CO ₂ measurements	Strain measurements	Biopotential measurements
Differential flowmeters	Microphones	Thermistors	Capacitive sensors	Infrared sensors	Resistive sensors	ECG sensors
Turbine flowmeters		Thermocouples	Resistive sensors	Fiber optic sensors	Capacitive sensors	Light intensity measurements
Hot wire anemometers		Pyroelectric sensors	Nanocrystal and nanoparticles sensors		Inductive sensors	PPG sensors
Fiber optic sensors		Fiber optic sensors	Fiber optic sensors		Fiber optic sensors	Impedance measurements
					Transthoracic impedance sensors	
				Movement measurements		
				Accelerometers		
				Gyroscopes		
				Magnetometers		



From: Massaroni et al., Contact-based methods for measuring respiratory rate. Sensors 2019, 19, 908; doi:10.3390/s19040908



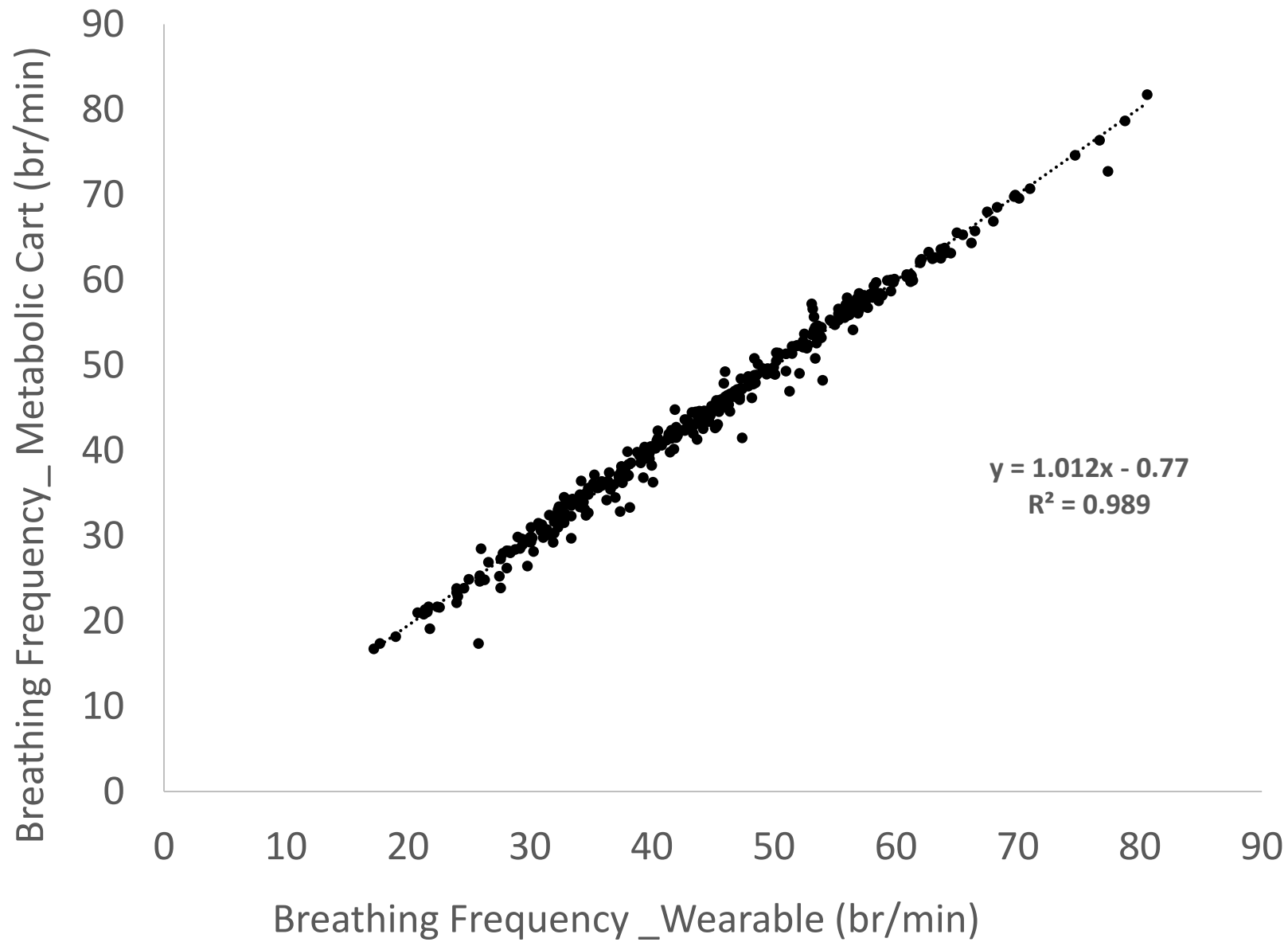




**Breathing Frequency
+ Tidal Volume**



**Breathing Frequency
Only**



OK, but does wearing a mouthpiece/mask change how we breathe during testing?



Running on a treadmill

Simultaneous Measurements

BF max (From Cart)

BF max (From Shirt)

62

62

66

67

71

73

62

63

67

68

61

62

70

71

67

68

67

66

67

67

63

64

63

63

62

62

65

65

79

81

66.0

66.8

4.7

5.1

YES, it does!

BrF/TV
relationship changes

But, total VE seems
to stay ~constant

**SHOULD we
measure ventilation
during training?**

Would breathing
frequency feedback
inform the training
process?

We manage this relationship with our athletes

Adaptive Cellular Signals

Systemic Stress/**Strain Responses**



The Endurance Training Monitoring Trinity



Power/Pace



Physiological Responses

Internal "Cost"
External Work

Perceived Effort/Exertion

6	No exertion
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	Light
12	
13	Somewhat hard
14	
15	Hard (heavy)
16	
17	Very hard
18	
19	
20	Maximal exertion

Strain

(24h+ post training)

- Mood state change
- Decreased Readiness to Train
- Large HR/load Shift (up or down)
- Decreased Peak Blood La-
- Peak 6s power/CMJ decline
- Decreased resting HRV
- Decreased testosterone response
- Decreased cortisol response
- Decreased Libido

*ACCUMULATED
side-effects*

*ACUTE
Responses*

Stress

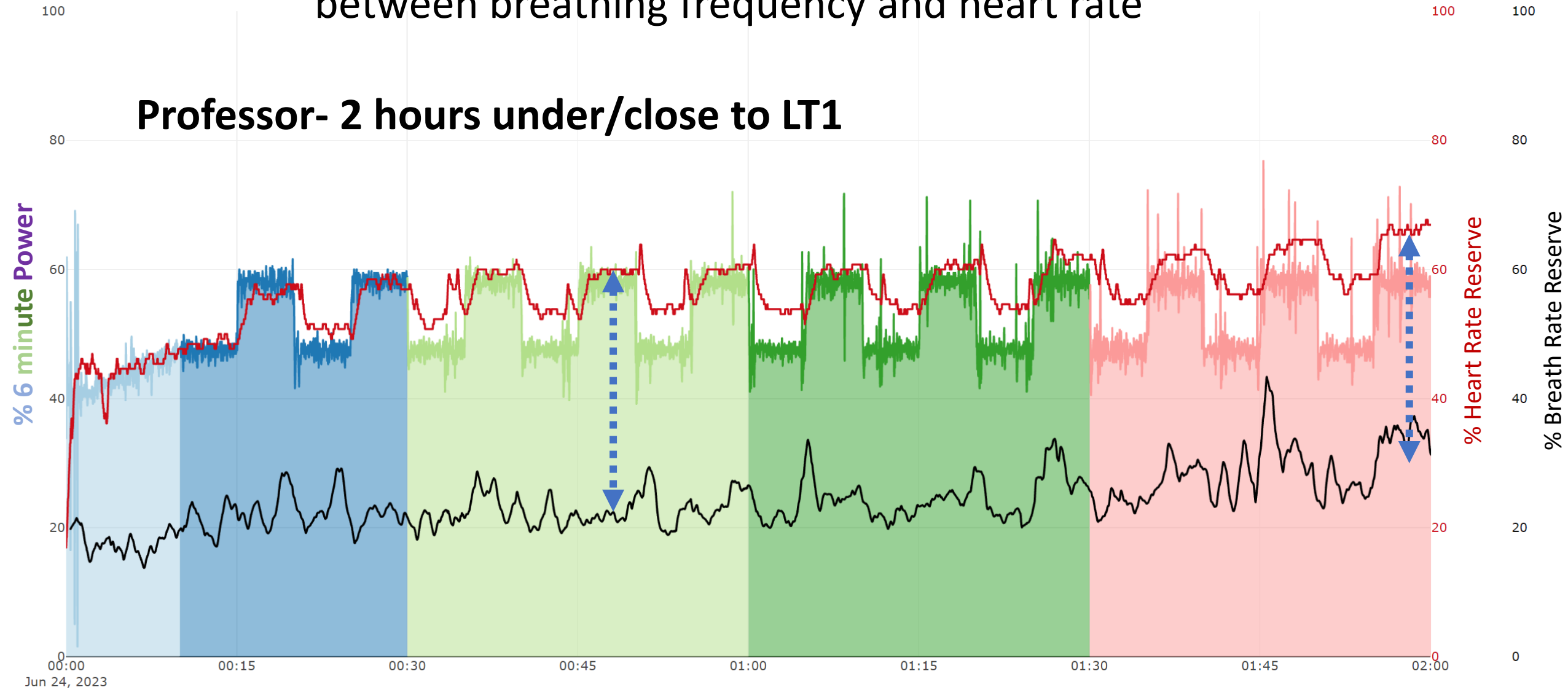
Load

NEUTRAL: Different combinations of intensity x duration can give same load!

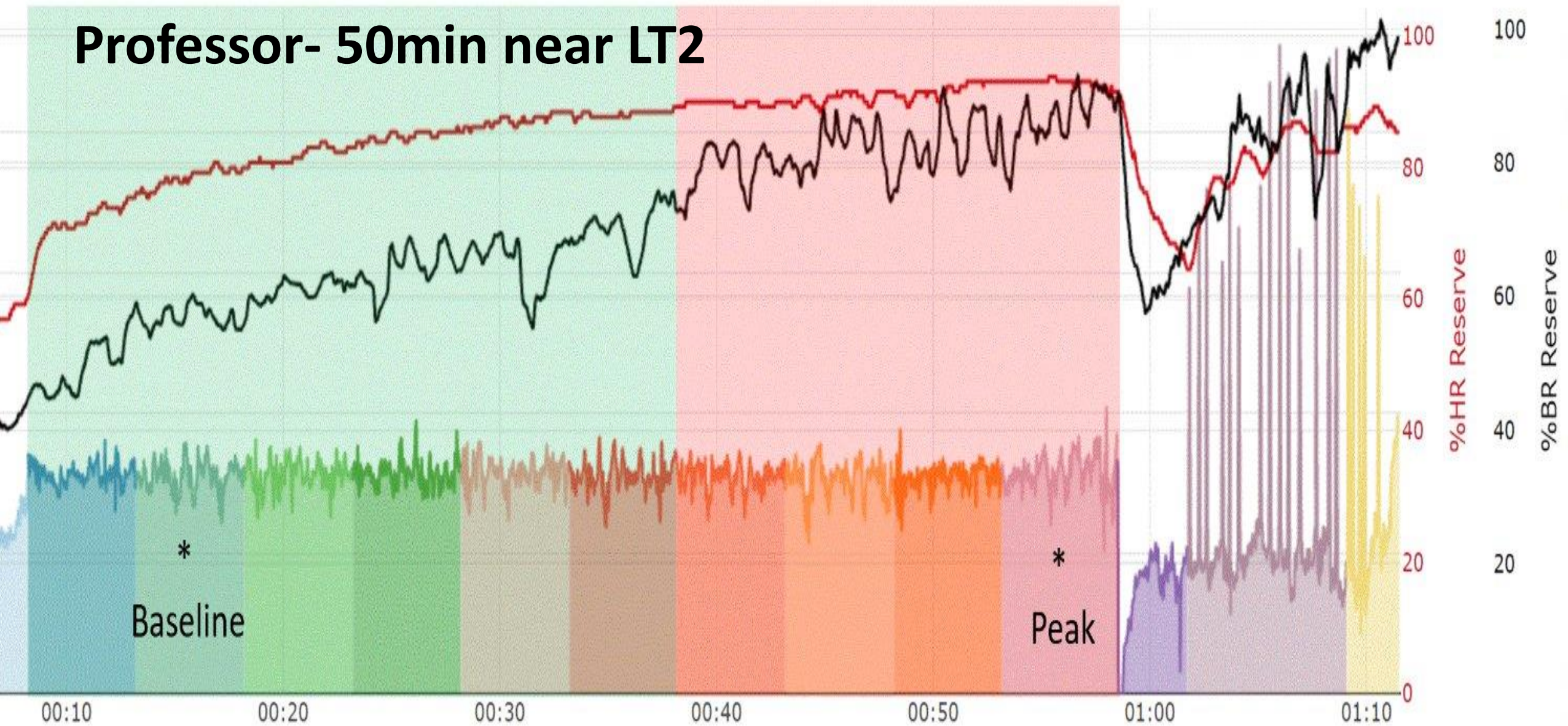
- RPE/HR/**Ventilation** shift vs power/pace
- Efficiency deterioration (technique collapse)
- Greater pace variation when attempting steady-state
- Increased cortisol release (saliva or blood)
- Increased/altered muscle activation at same power or pace

In the rested state, there is a large **“Mobilization Gap”**
between breathing frequency and heart rate

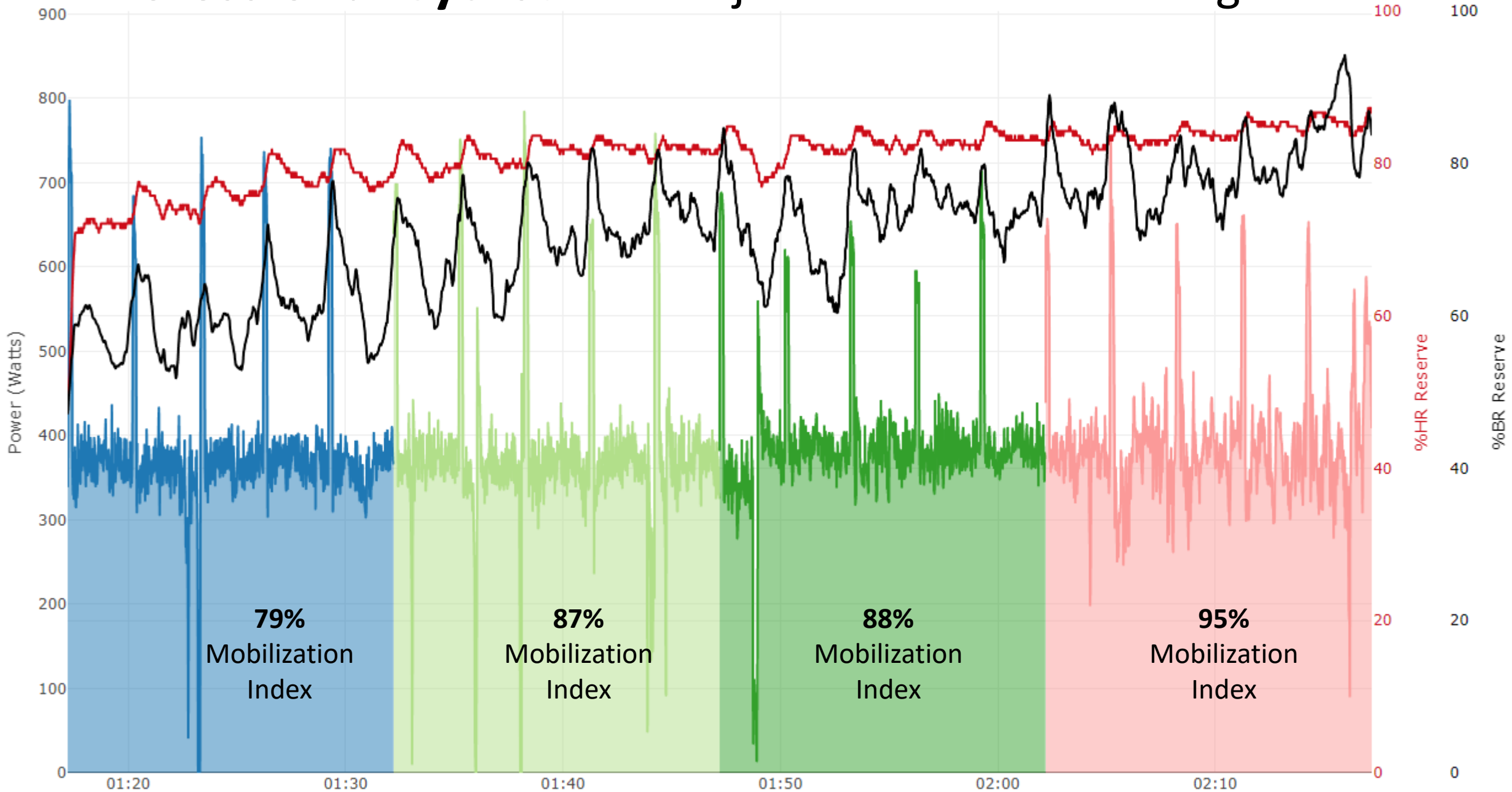
Professor- 2 hours under/close to LT1



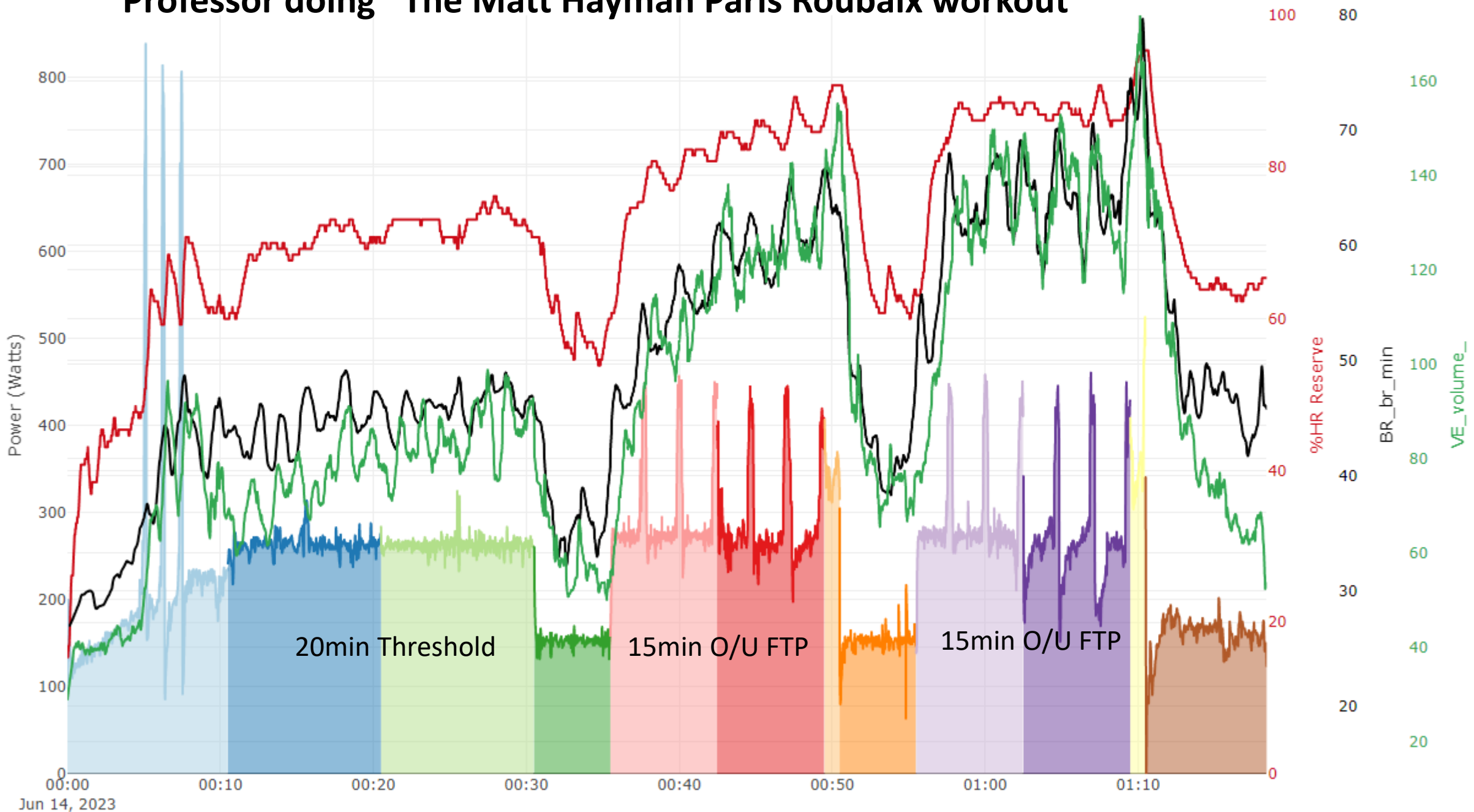
Professor- 50min near LT2



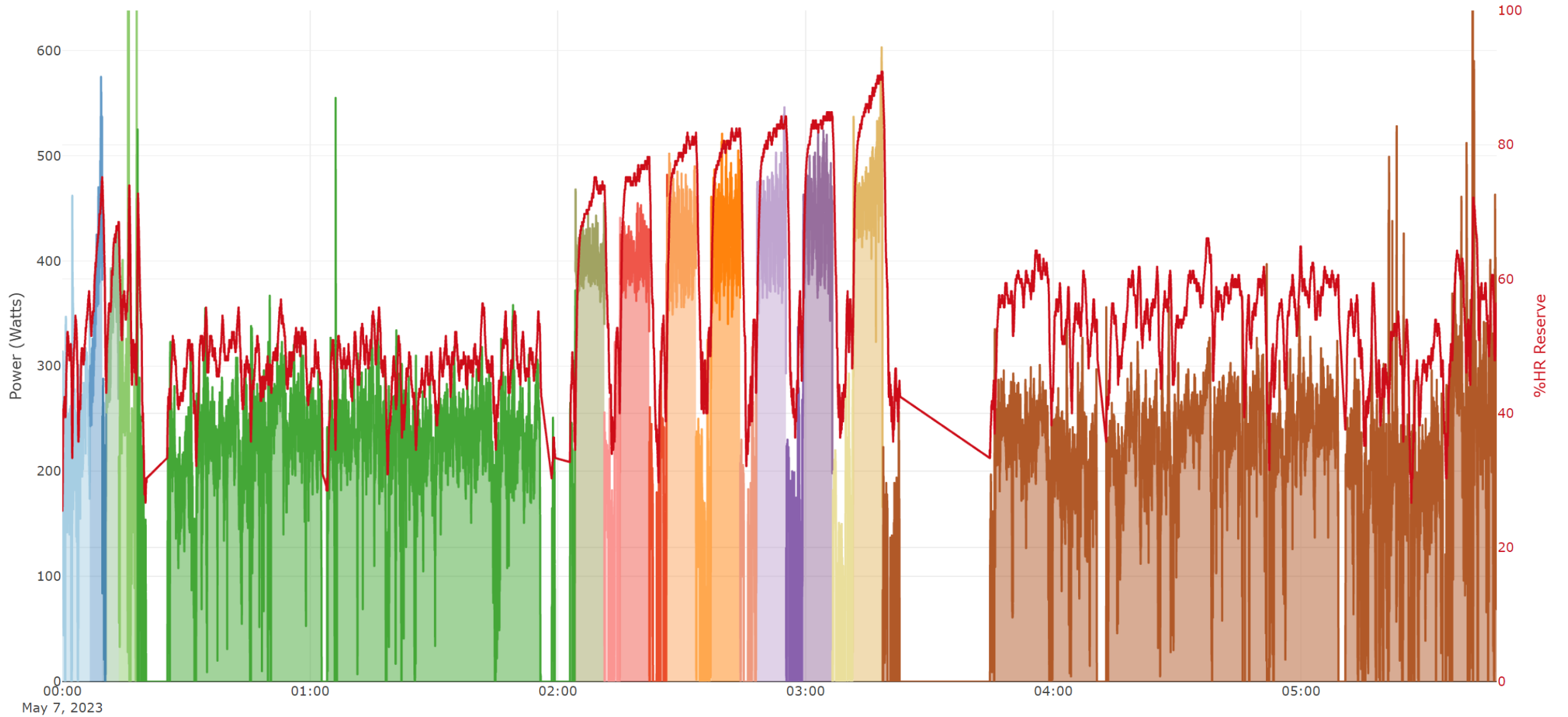
Professional Cyclist- 60min just under LT2 with surges

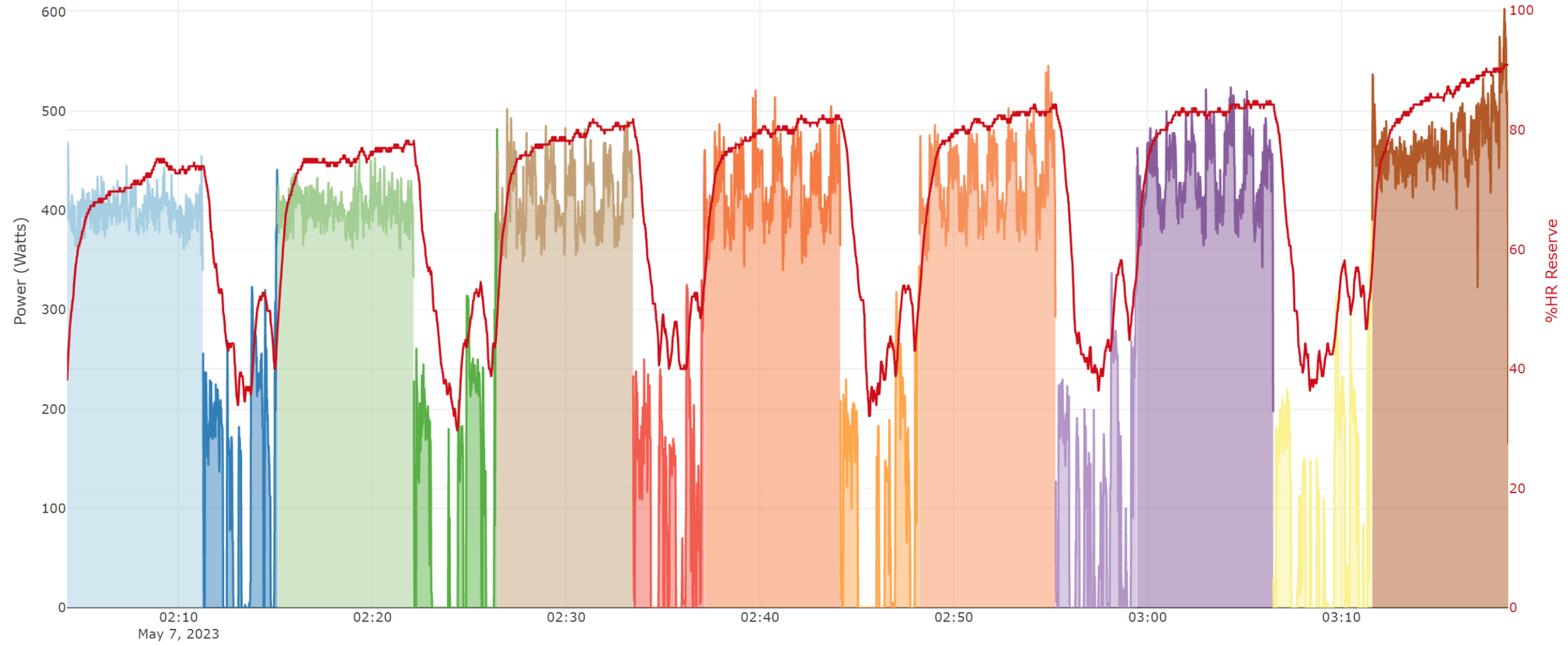


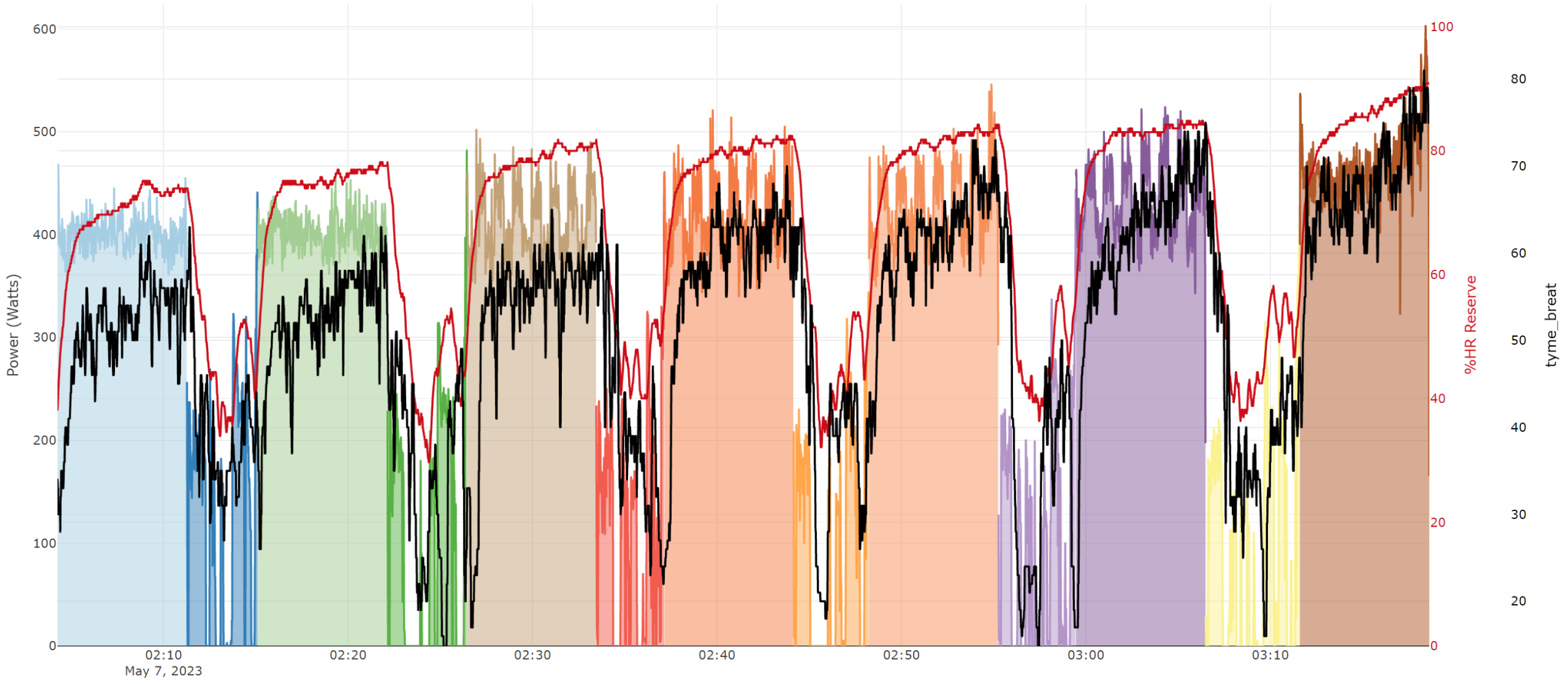
Professor doing "The Matt Hayman Paris Roubaix workout"



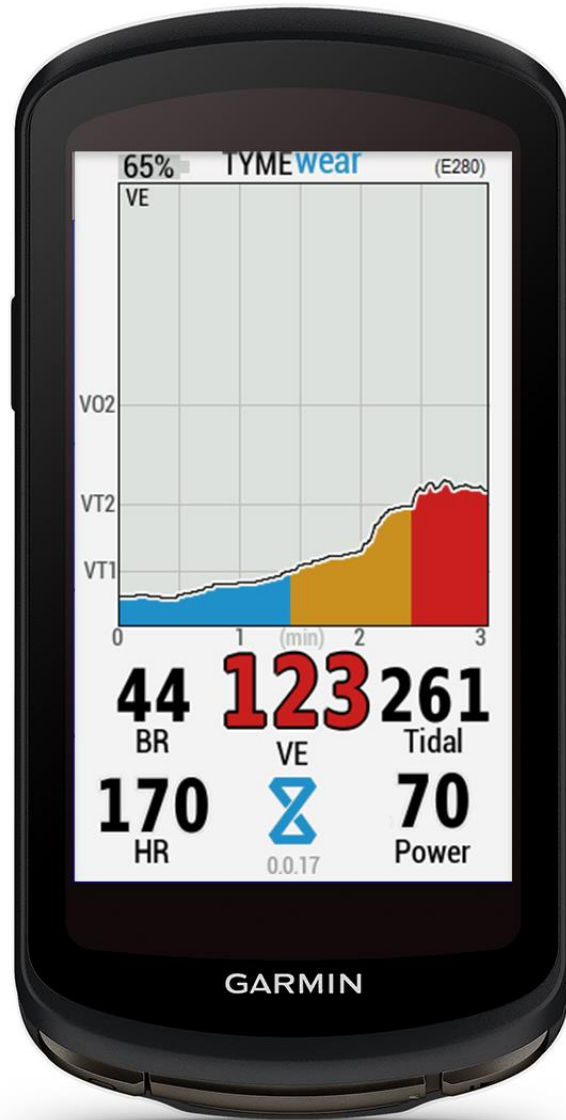
Professional cyclist, 7 x 7 min during a 6 hour ride







My current take on monitoring breathing:



1. Breathing frequency can be measured in a valid and repeatable manner in the field now (strain sensor).
2. The ideal technical solution will likely be **integration** of a **strain sensor in the team training kit**.
3. Ventilatory threshold testing can be performed in the field, alone or in parallel with Lactate profile as confirmation.
4. HR + BF monitoring, expressed as %BRR/%HRR (**Mobilization Index?**) can quantify internal stress better than HR alone during demanding sessions.

Tyme wear interface with Garmin head unit.



eskerrik
asko!



In

J Appl Physiol 128: 1447–1449, 2020.
First published February 13, 2020; doi:10.1152/jappphysiol.00814.2019.

VIEWPOINT

Time to reconsider how ventilation is regulated above the respiratory compensation point during incremental exercise

✉ **Andrea Nicolò,¹ Samuele M. Marcora,² and Massimo Sacchetti¹**

¹Department of Movement, Human and Health Sciences, University of Rome "Foro Italico", Rome, Italy; and ²Department of Biomedical and Neuromotor Sciences, University of Bologna, Bologna, Italy

The f_R increase above the respiratory compensation point is not driven by metabolic acidosis

J Appl Physiol 128: 1456, 2020;
doi:10.1152/jappphysiol.00285.2020.

VIEWPOINT

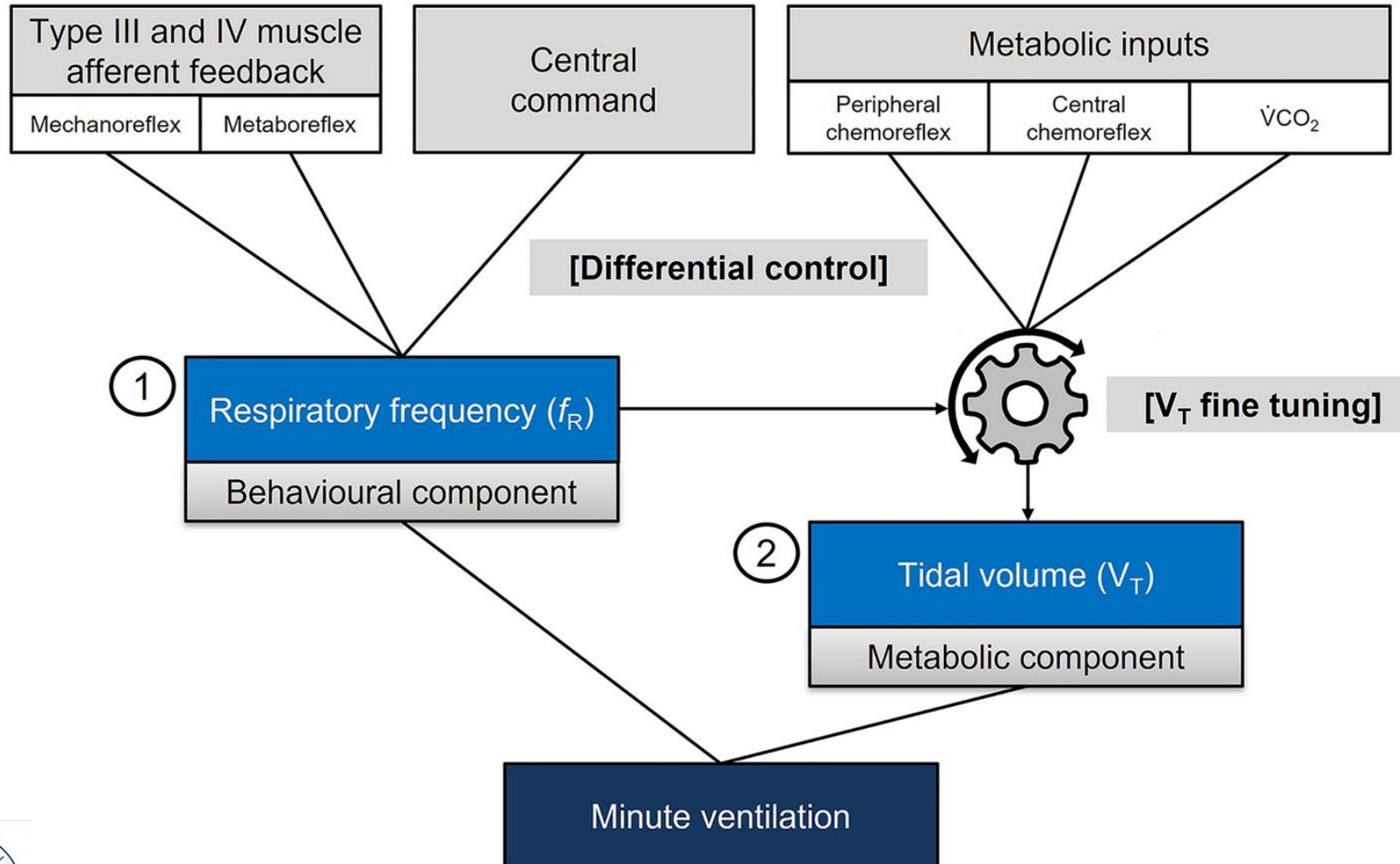
Last Word on Viewpoint: Time to reconsider how ventilation is regulated above the respiratory compensation point during incremental exercise

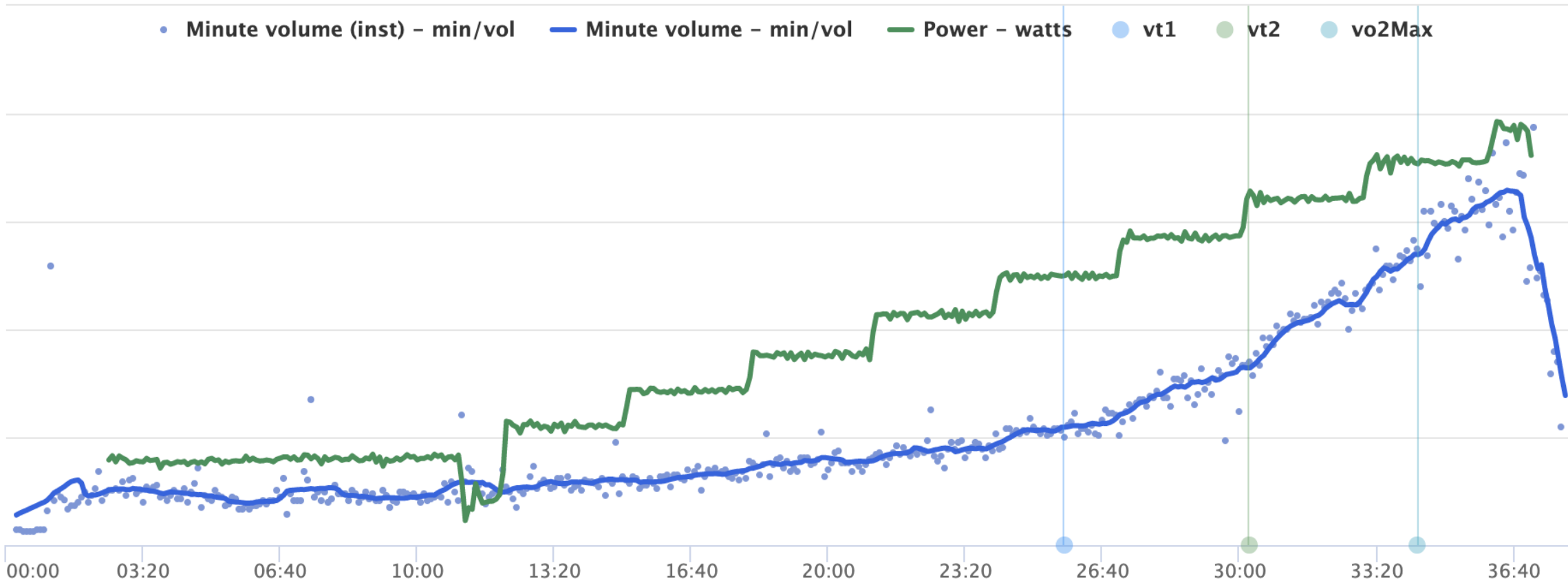
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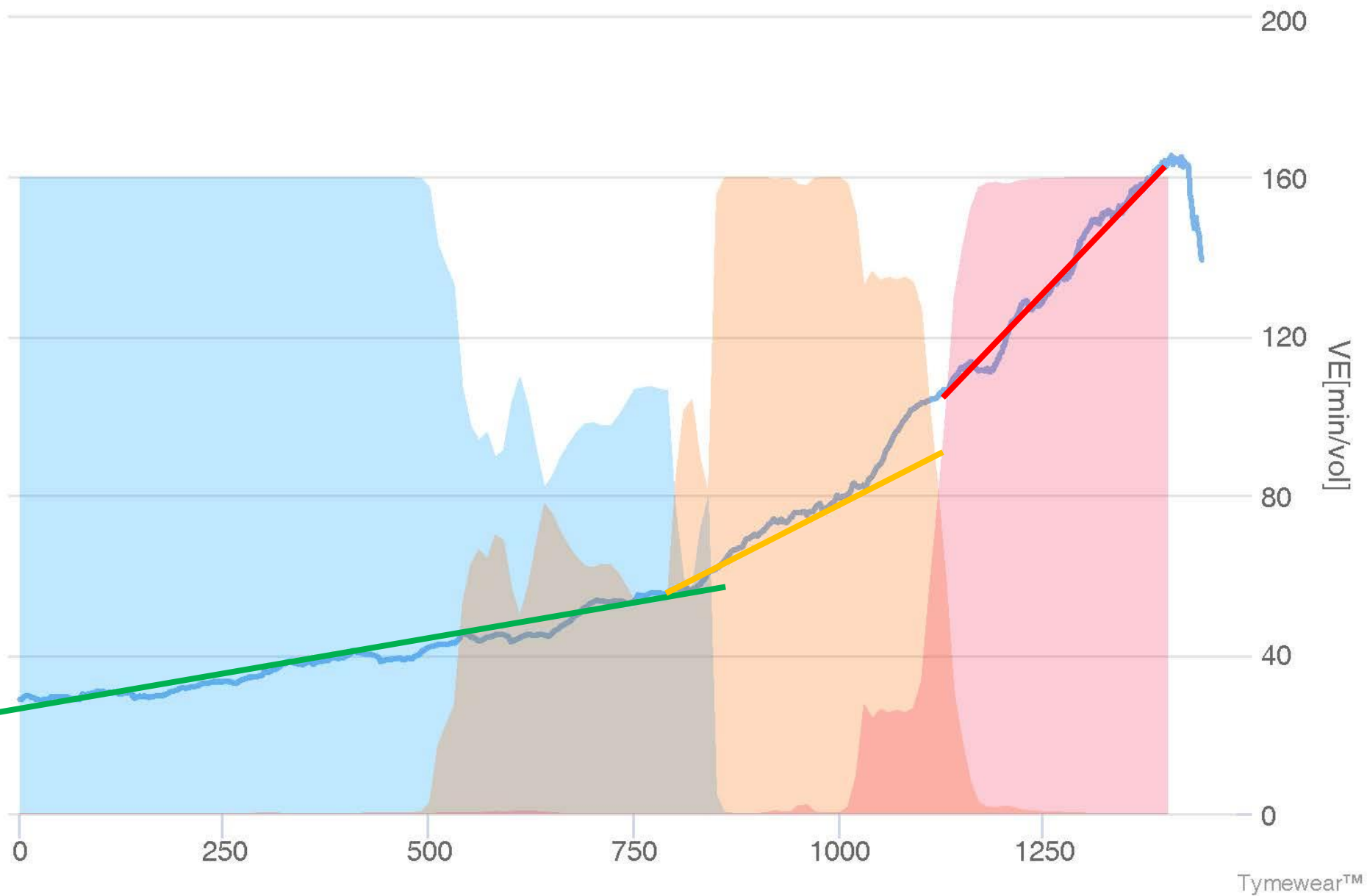


A new model of ventilatory control during exercise

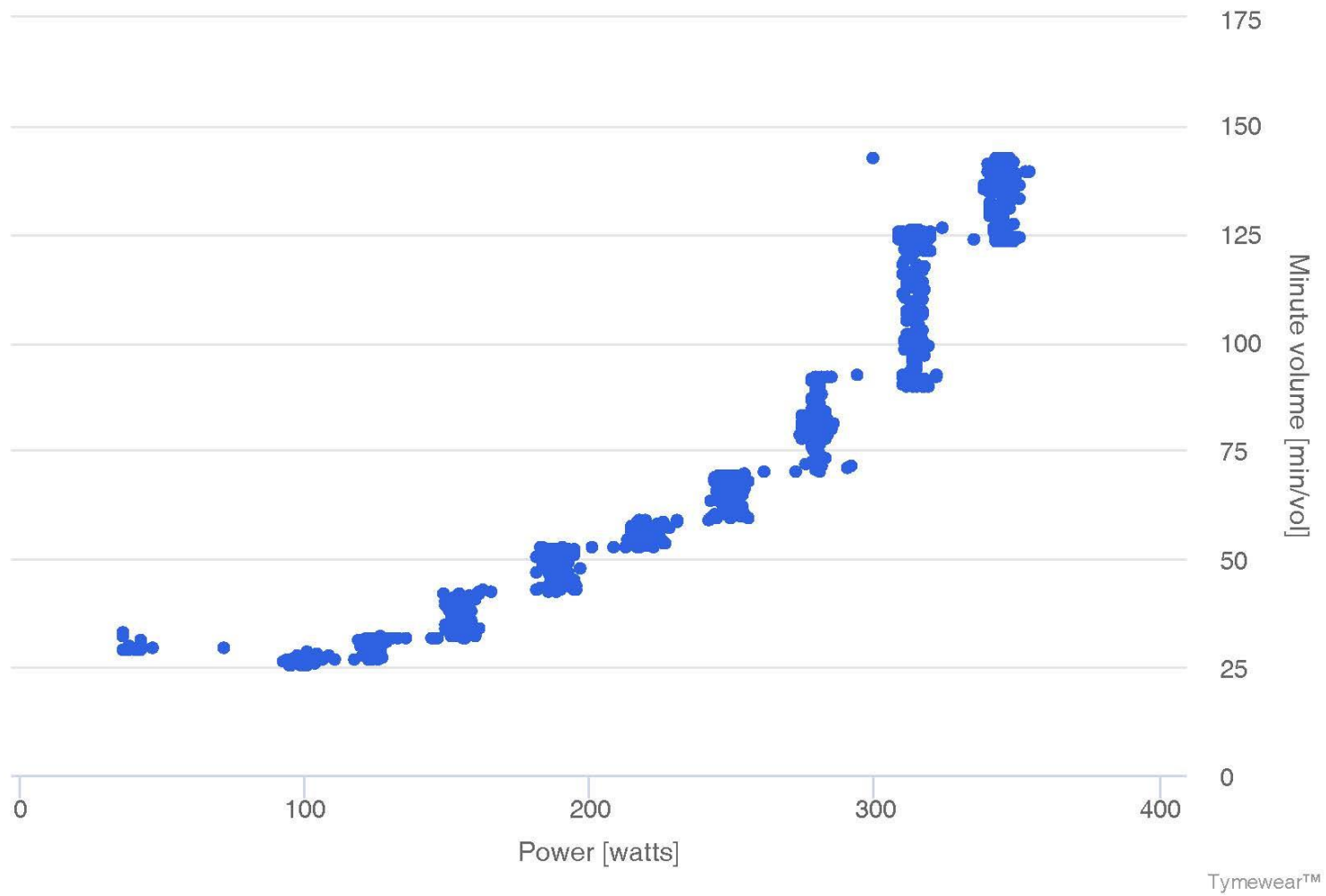




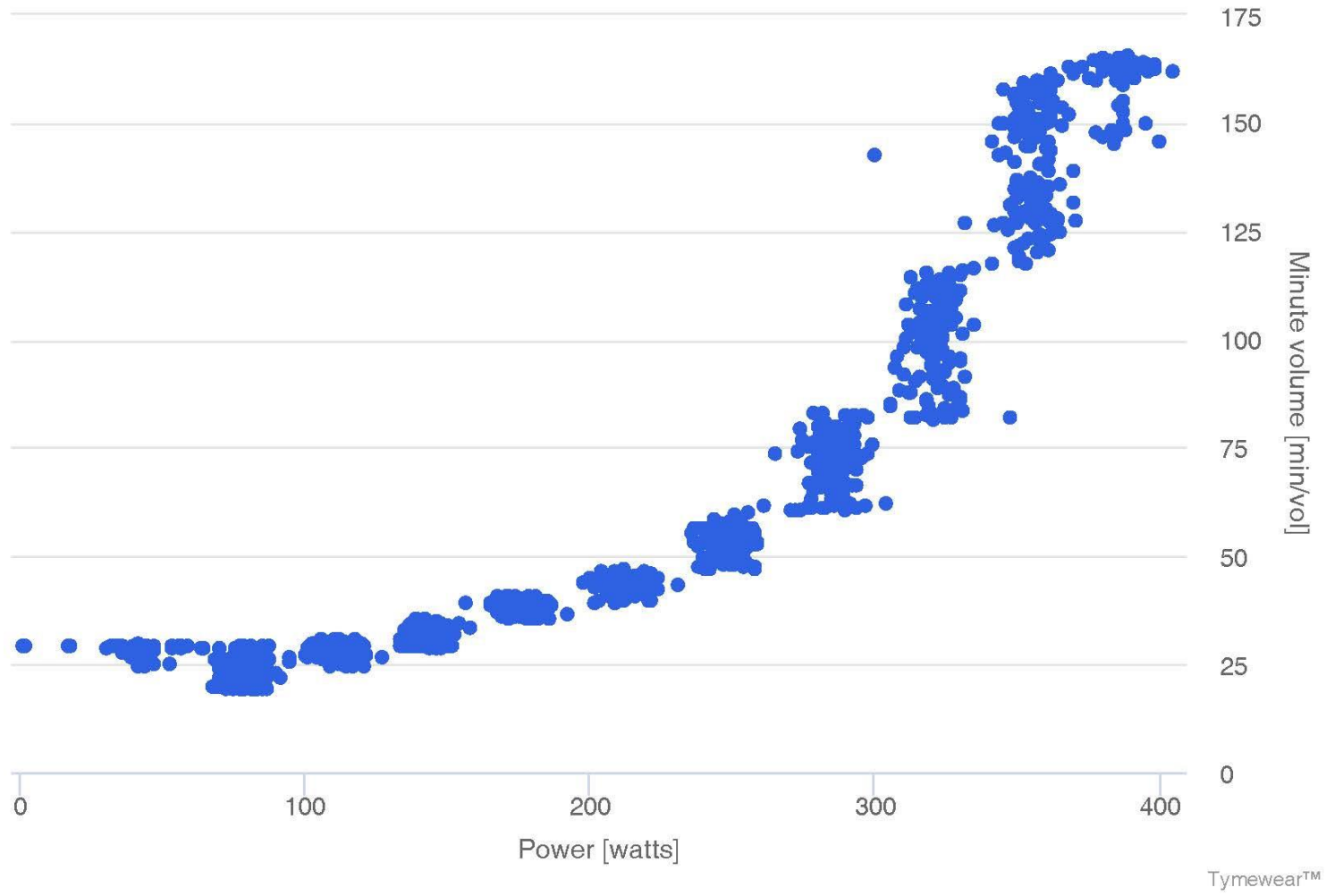
Zone Prediction - May 9th 2023



Threshold Test - VE vs Power - March 24th 2023



Threshold Test - VE vs Power - May 9th 2023



Threshold Test - VE vs Power - March 24th vs May 9th 2023

